

(2) Deaths of three men who perched on trees near Sampangi Stadium due to leakage of Electric Current.

Mr. SPEAKER.—There is another adjournment motion tabled by the same Member, Sri Mulka Govinda Reddy, which is as follows :

“ That this House do now stand adjourned to discuss a definite matter of public importance and of recent occurrence, to wit, the situation arising out of the death of three persons due to the failure of the Government in not preventing persons from sitting on trees near which pass electric wires near Sampangi Stadium in Bangalore, on the last day when American Free Style Wrestling was going on.”

ಶ್ರೀ ಮುಲ್ಕ ಗೋವಿಂದರೆಡ್ಡಿ (ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ).— ಎಲೆಕ್ಟ್ರಿಕ್ ಡಿಪಾರ್ಟ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್‌ನ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಎದ್ದು ಚೈಕ್ರಿ ಅನಾಹುತಕ್ಕೊಳಗಾಗಿ ಸಾವುಗಳಾಗುತ್ತಿರುವುದು ಅನೇಕಸಾರಿ ನಮ್ಮ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆ. ಇದಂತೂ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಜನರು ಸೇರತಕ್ಕ ಸ್ಪೋರ್ಟ್‌ಯಂ ಹತ್ತಿರ ಅಗಿರತಕ್ಕದ್ದಾದ್ದರಿಂದ ಬಹಳ ಪ್ರಾಮುಖ್ಯವಾದದ್ದು. ಮೊನ್ನೆ ತಾನೆ ಅಗಿರತಕ್ಕದ್ದಾದ್ದರಿಂದ ಇತ್ತೀಚಿನ ಘಟನೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸೇರಿದ್ದು. ಇದು ಅಲ್ಲ ತಿರುಗಾಡತಕ್ಕ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಹಿತರಕ್ಷಣೆಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟದ್ದಾಗಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರ ಕಾರ್ಯನೀತಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ನಿಲುವಳಿ ಸೂಚನೆಯಾಗಿ ತಂದಿದ್ದೇನೆ.

It is of public importance and hence I desire that this House do stand adjourned to discuss it.

Sri K. HANUMANTHAIYA (Chief Minister).—These are things which happen many a time on account of the fault of the persons themselves. These three persons wanted to have a look at the match without payment. Therefore, if they deliberately put themselves in a position of danger, I would like to appeal to the House to see what Government can do in the matter. So far as the Electrical Department is concerned, they are doing things in order to ensure safety; they will be glad to accept the suggestion and everything needed will be done and it is being done. Therefore, I do not think that this is of such urgent nature or of such public importance as to deserve the time of the House by way of discussion on this motion.

Mr. SPEAKER.—This seems to be obviously an accident for which the persons who died have been themselves, I am sorry to say, responsible. In any case this is not a matter of such public importance or urgency as to require interruption of appointed business. This is therefore disallowed.

ANDHRA STATE BILL, 1953.

Motion to approve proposal to introduce in Parliament.

(Continued)

Mr. SPEAKER.—Now general debate on the Andhra State Bill.

Sri M. RAJASEKHARA MURTHY (Yelandur).—The Andhra State Bill is a memorable piece of legislation in the history of India since it inaugurates the redistribution of provinces on the basis of language without at the same time ignoring the other equally important factors such as the geographical contiguity, cultural affinity, economic self-sufficiency, financial stability and administrative convenience. As all of you know, the existing provincial divisions are largely the creations of the Britishers not to satisfy the wishes of the people, but to suit their own imperialistic design. The present provincial barriers have kept people speaking different languages in different provinces, thus resulting in the destruction of their natural amity.

The policy of “Divide and Rule” of the Britisher has been fully applied in the provincial division in order to maintain an iron grip over the administration. The history of the partition of Bengal in 1905 is quite clear on this point. It was stated in a secret communication by Lord Hardinge to the Secretary of State that the partition was entirely meant not for administrative conveniences, but only for putting Bengal under check. A resolution passed in the Jaipur Congress has given reasons why the formation of linguistic provinces was inevitable :

“The Congress approval of this principle was partly due to the artificial manner in which existing provinces have been created by the